

TROUBLE TRACER – LININGS



LINING SURFACE TAPERED

- MAIN REASONS**
- Brake shoes misaligned with the brake drum
 - Distorted brake shoe or brake drum turned on taper

- POSSIBLE**
- The linings may lock on to the drum when braking from high speeds
- EFFECTS**
- Vehicle pull and excessive brake noise may occur

- SOLUTION** Replace or grind/machine drum. Replace brake shoe anchor pins or parts that locate brake shoes



SCARRED LINING SURFACE

- MAIN REASONS**
- Poor drum condition, e.g. heat crazing

- POSSIBLE**
- Rapid lining wear
- EFFECTS**
- If linings not 100% bedded-in, low brake efficiency can result

- SOLUTION** Replace linings and avoid overheating brakes



BUILD UP OF DIRT BETWEEN LINING AND BRAKE SHOE

- MAIN REASONS**
- Shoe radius out of line
 - Shoe platform not blast cleaned and painted properly
 - Shoe platform not parallel
 - Lining riveted incorrectly

- POSSIBLE**
- Cracks in the lining material or crack in drum surface
- EFFECTS**
- Loose linings
 - Squeal
 - Improper cleaning causes rust scale to build up and lift the lining from the shoe

- SOLUTION** Replace linings and ensure shoe is clean and free from contamination before lining fitment



DEEP IRREGULAR CIRCUMFERENTIAL GROOVES

- MAIN REASONS**
- Large particles loose in the brake
 - Very poor drum condition and maintenance

- POSSIBLE**
- Very high lining and drum wear
- EFFECTS**
- Squeal

- SOLUTION** Avoid contamination. Replace linings and grind or replace drum as appropriate

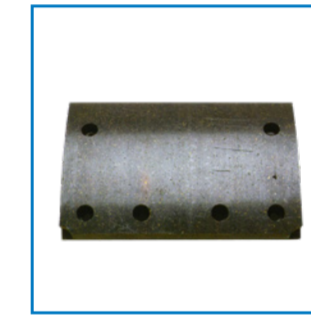


GREASY LINING SURFACE

- MAIN REASONS**
- Broken or improperly mounted hub oil seals
 - Excessive lubrication of the bearings of the braking mechanism

- POSSIBLE**
- Vehicle pull may occur if the problem is only found at one side of the axle
- EFFECTS**
- Low deceleration

- SOLUTION** Remove grease from the linings, cure oil/grease leaks



SURFACE CRAZING

- MAIN REASONS**
- Caused by excessive brake temperature, i.e. when brake is cold on motorway then having to perform a sudden stop i.e. off a slip road. Rapid temperature input does not allow for heat soak from material into brake system

- POSSIBLE**
- This condition has no effect on the integrity or performance of the lining
- EFFECTS**
- Penetration of the crazing is usually no more than 1mm deep
 - Wear through with normal brake use and has no effect on the lining

- SOLUTION** Avoid high-speed heavy duty braking from cold

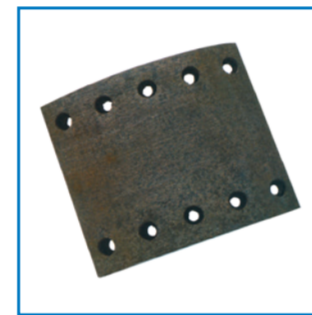


GROOVED LINING SURFACE

- MAIN REASONS**
- Small loose particles in the brake
 - Insufficient drum cleaning at replacement

- POSSIBLE**
- Very high lining and drum wear
- EFFECTS**
- Squeal

- SOLUTION** Replace linings and avoid brake operation in dusty environment. Grind or replace drum as appropriate



CIRCUMFERENTIAL GROOVES

- MAIN REASONS**
- Poor drum condition
 - Improper preparation with a wire brush, shoe grinder or similar

- POSSIBLE**
- Vehicle pull may occur if there is a different wear pattern on the opposite axle end
- EFFECTS**
- Insufficient deceleration and excessive noise

- SOLUTION** Replace linings and grind or replace drum as appropriate



POOR BEDDING-IN 1

- MAIN REASONS**
- Lining radius is larger than actual drum diameter
 - Bedding-in period for the lining was too short

- POSSIBLE**
- Vehicle pull and excessive brake noise may occur
- EFFECTS**
- Low deceleration

- SOLUTION** Replace linings and ensure the correct lining radius to drum diameter is selected, or extend bedding-in period

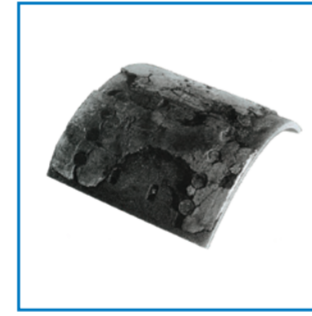


CRACKS AROUND RIVET HOLES

- MAIN REASONS**
- Too heavy riveting force
 - Wrong shape of rivet heads
 - Brake shoe radius does not conform to lining radius
 - Brake shoe platform is not clean or even

- POSSIBLE**
- Lining and drum breakage
- EFFECTS**
- Brake over-heating
 - Noise

- SOLUTION** Replace linings, and avoid excessive pressure during riveting operations



LARGE FRACTURES IN LINING SURFACE

- MAIN REASONS**
- Faults in brake mechanism
 - Sticking brake shoes (weak return springs)
 - Excessive use of brakes at high speed
 - Overloaded vehicle
 - Too large air chambers

- POSSIBLE**
- High lining wear
- EFFECTS**
- Vehicle pull and excessive brake noise
 - Disintegration of lining
 - Low deceleration

- SOLUTION** Replace linings, avoid overworking brakes and ensure brake components are correct and are in good condition



POOR BEDDING-IN 2

- MAIN REASONS**
- Drum diameter is larger than lining radius
 - Bedding-in period for the lining was too short
 - Drum wear

- POSSIBLE**
- If the wear pattern differs across the axle, vehicle pull can result; also excessive brake noise
- EFFECTS**
- Low deceleration

- SOLUTION** Replace linings and ensure the correct lining radius to drum diameter is selected, or extend bedding-in period



STEPS IN THE LINING SURFACE

- MAIN REASONS**
- There may be a step in the brake drum surface
 - General drum wear

- POSSIBLE**
- Rapid lining wear
- EFFECTS**
- If the wear pattern differs across the axle, vehicle pull and excessive noise can result

- SOLUTION** Grind/Machine drum surface or renew (a drum grind may incur oversize lining fitment)

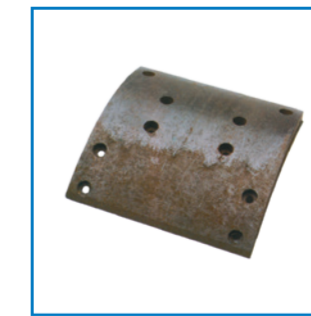


BURNT LINING SURFACE

- MAIN REASONS**
- Faults in brake mechanism
 - Sticking brake shoes (weak return springs)
 - Excessive use of brakes from high speed
 - Wrong brake cylinders/air chambers or levers
 - Overloaded vehicle
 - Incorrect brake proportioning between tractor/trailer units

- POSSIBLE**
- High lining wear
- EFFECTS**
- Vehicle pull and excessive brake noise
 - Deceleration too low

- SOLUTION** Replace linings, avoid overworking brakes and ensure brake components are correct and are in good condition



POOR BEDDING-IN 3

- MAIN REASONS**
- Bedding-in period for the lining was too short
 - Drum wear

- POSSIBLE**
- Either low or very high deceleration, with high deceleration the linings may lock on to the drum
 - If the wear pattern differs across the axle, vehicle pull and excessive noise can result
- EFFECTS**
- Low deceleration

- SOLUTION** Replace linings and ensure the correct lining radius to drum diameter is selected, or extend bedding-in period

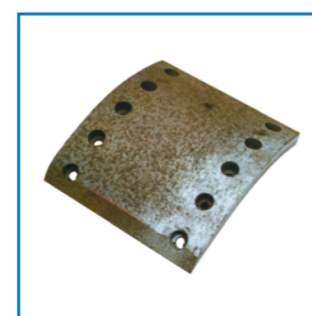


UNEVEN LINING SURFACE

- MAIN REASONS**
- Wrongly adjusted or worn axle bearings

- POSSIBLE**
- Very high lining and drum wear
- EFFECTS**
- Squeal

- SOLUTION** Replace linings, replace wheel bearing and replace or grind drum as appropriate



DIRT ON THE LINING SURFACE

- MAIN REASONS**
- Dirt particles in the brake
 - Poor brake maintenance (insufficient cleaning)

- POSSIBLE**
- High lining and drum wear
- EFFECTS**
- Poor deceleration
 - Vehicle pull and excessive brake noise may occur

- SOLUTION** If heavy contamination, replace linings and ensure contamination-free relining operation

